## The Standard.

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AUTHORIZED PUBLISHERS OF THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Agents for the Standard: JAMES H. BIGGS and R. R. HUDNAL, of Raleigh, C. C. McCRUMMEN, Traveling Agent. All postmasters will please act as agents for us. All former agencies are hereby revoked. August 18, 1858.

## The Legislature.

No business has been transacted since our last, nor will there be until Saturday next, the day to which leave of absence was granted to members. The two houses have, however, met every day and adjourned over from day to day, as required by the

on Saturday next, being the first day of January, Gov. Ellis will be inaugurated; and on Monday next the business of legislation will begin again. The general impression is that the Legislature will not adjourn before the 8th or 10th of February.

Our Reporter for the Senate has given a graphic sketch of the amusing proceedings of that body on Thursday last.

The Election on Thursday next. The Register announces Maj. Willie D. Jones as a candidate for the seat in the House of Commons made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Haywood and appeals to its Whig friends to give him a united and hearty support.

The Democrats of the County and the friends of Mr. Mordecai will now perceive the importance of active efforts between this and on the day of election. We have the best reasons for believing that the Know Nothings are thoroughly and secretly organizing, and will poll their full strength for Maj. Jones. Democrats of Wake, you have but to turn out at the polls on the day of election, to defeat this movement of the opposition and to retain your full representation in the Legislature. The contest will be between Mr. Mordecai and Maj. Jones-the former a Democrat, and the latter a Know Nothing. Mr. Mardecai, as you well remember, was the next highest candidate to Mr. Haywood in the last County Convention, and he is in the field now at the request of numerous friends in all portions of the County. The friends of Mr. Haywood, as we are informed, will give him a united support; and indeed there can be no doubt of his election by a large majority, if the party will turn out in its strength on Thursday next.

Be on the ground early in the day, and obtain every vote you can for the Democratic candidate.-Keep a strict eye upon "Sam"-you know him of old. He will defeat us if he can, and he will do it secretly, and then boast of his well-laid schemes .-"Forewarned, forearmed." We have the County now; let us determine to hold it against all combinations and all efforts.

## A Grave Charge.

The Editor of the Warrenton News, writing to his paper from Raleigh, under date December 21st, says: "Since writing the above, Mr. Faribault, a colleague of Mr. Haywood, has introduced a resolution of inquiry into the right of several members to hold their seats. It is to be regretted that this ill-advised measure has been introduced by a Democrat. As a party, we will be held accountable for that delay in the public business, which will be the certain consequence of this resolution. Nor will Mr. Faribault gain in personal reputation, for the impression is general that pique for the decision in Haywood's case, has been the only motive. This may do him injustice, but the measure will be remembered and discussed when his explanation is forgotten. The measure is understood as striking specially at Mr. Settle; the other names are merely a cover for an attack on the Democratic Speaker. If it came from a political opponent, it would be considered as a matter of course; but coming from a professed friend, it has disgusted even those who felt bound on principle, to make due inquiry into the allegations.

The above contains a grave charge against one of the representatives from the county of Wake. The charge is, that actuated by mere pique, and not by a sense of public duty, Mr. Faribault has taken an "ill-advised" step, which has "disgusted" a portion of the Commons, and the result of which can only be "delay in the public business." And coming as it does from a "professed friend" and a professed Democrat, this charge is more serious than if it had emanated from one of the opposition.

Now we have no idea that this charge is true. We believe, in the first place, that whatever may be the constitutional law in the cases referred to, and whatever the decision of the Commons, Mr. Faribault was actuated by a high sense of public duty; and that "other names" were not used merely as a cover for an attack on Mr. Settle. Nor is it true that the "impression is general that pique for the decision in Haywood's case has been the only motive" for this movement by Mr. Faribault. Grant that it is true, and what are we to think of the action of the Commons in directing a reference of the cases embraced in Mr. Faribault's resolution to the Committee on Privileges and Elections? Can it be possible that the Commons, laboring under this general impression as to the unworthy motive of the mover, would have ordered a reference of his resolution to a com-

We do not propose, however, to argue the question as to Mr. Faribault's motives, or to go into the subject matter of his resolution. Our only purpose is to protest against the injustice done Mr. Faribault by the News, and to express the belief that the House of Commons contains no member more honest than Mr. F., or more uniformerly disposed to do what he thinks is right.

MR. BRUTON'S MUSICAL CONCERT.-We had the pleasure of being present on Wednesday evening last at the Concert given by the scholars of Raleigh Female Seminary, in the large room of the school edifice on Hillsborough street. The large audience in attendance testified their delight by frequent applause. Where all did so well it would be unjust and unkind to discriminate. The scholars exhibited unmistakable cyidence of having been carefully and skilfully instructed. We are gratified to learn that the school, under the management of the Rev. Mr. Bruton as Principal, is constantly growing in public favor, and that it will commence the next year with the most flattering guarantees of permanence and prosperity.

The following public officers in North Carolina have been appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate: James E. Gibble, Collector at Beaufort; James T. Miller, Collector at Wilming ton; and Hiram R. Nixon, Surveyor of the Port of

DEATH OF GEN. M. T. HAWKINS .- We learn from the last Warrenton News that Gen. Micajah T. Hawkins of Warren, died at his residence in that county,

on the 22d December, in the 74th year of his age. It is stated that colored students are now at-

tending the exercises of the Yale Medical School.

## LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THURSDAY, Dec. 23, 1858. SENATE.

The Senate was called to order shortly after 11 Mr. Thomas presented the petition of several hundred citizens of Cherokee county praying for the establishment of a new county out of a part of Cherokec. Referred to the committee on propositions and grievances.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. Mr. Houston, from the committee on the judiciary, against the passage of the engrossed bill for the punishment of horse stealing.

Also, from the same committee, in favor of the passage of the bill making husbands responsible for the debts of their deceased wives.

Mr. Lankford, from the same committee, to whom had been referred a resolution in favor of G. M. Albright, reported the same back to the Senate with a recommendation that it be referred to the committee on claims. So referred.

Mr. Carmichael, from the judiciary committee, in favor of the bill relating to Executors and Adminis-Also, from the same committee, against the passage

of the bill to amend the 59th chap. Rev. Code, entitled Insolvent Debtors.

Mr. Gorrell, from the same committee, against the bill concerning county courts.

Also, from the same, in favor of the bill to prevent the felling of timber in Trent and other rivers. Mr. Dobson, from the same committee, against the bill relating to deeds of feme coverts.

Also, from the same, on the bill requiring the day of receiving or executing justice's process to be re-

COUNCILLORS OF STATE. Mr. Gorrell, from the joint select committee, to superintend the election of Councillors of State, yesterday, reported the result of the vote. [The number of votes is correct as given yesterday, but there were a few scattering exchanges of votes not worthy of notice.] Report concurred in, and Messrs. Granberry, &c., declared duly elected.

Mr. Donnell moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill requiring an oath of office from the Clerks of the Assembly was rejected.

After some little discussion and skirmishing the vote was reconsidered, and the bill postponed for amendment.

Mr. McDonald introduced a bill to incorporate Carthage Lodge, 181, A. Y. M. Referred to the committee on corporations.

Mr. Thomas introduced a resolution, instructing the committee on propositions and grievances to enquire into the expediency of establishing a new county out of portions of Jackson, Madis n and Cherokee; and that in estimating the population, all persons on the census lists, and all Cherokee Indians within the contemplated boundaries, be taken into account.

Mr. Turner moved the resolution be referred to the committee on the Sinking Fund, (laughter). Mr. Thomas preferred the committee on propositions and grievances. So referred.

The Speaker announced that in consequence of proceed with any of the business on the file unless specially called up.

CHRISTMAS LEGISLATION. Mr. Turner got the floor and was proceeding to

address the Senate Mr. Donnell, (interrupting him.) Mr. Speaker, is there anything before the Senate? Mr. Speaker. Yes, the Senator from Orange.-

(Loud laughter.) A Senator. I move an amendment. (Continued laughter.) Numerous motions to adjourn were now rejected.

Senator ——, introduced the following bill: BILL TO PREVENT THE SAILING UNDER FALSE COLORS. Be it enacted, &c., and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That any female citizen of this commonwealth, who shall, by the artful use of hooped skirts, high-heeled shoes, false hair, Spanish wool, cosmetics, or the like, be guilty of seducing on attempting to seduce, any of the male citizens of this State into matrimony, shall be deemed and held

The bill was read the first time, and the rules be ing suspended it was put on its second reading. Speaker. As this is a private bill, notice of ap-

guilty of a violation of the laws for the punishment

1st Senator. I think the object of the bill essentially public. ("Good.") 2d Senator. Is it open for amendment? (Loud laughter.) If so, I propose to amend by including

plication must be produced. (Laughter.)

within the provisions of the bill all male citizens wearing shawls, wigs, false whiskers and using per-[Here Mr. Speaker Clark showed a little restive-

ness, but the cloud passed quickly from his brow as a gleam of light revealed the advance of "merrie Christmas," and calling a Senator to the chair, he left to their full bent these children of a larger growth.] 3d Senator. I am against the bill, Mr. Speaker.

For though I was opposed to enlarging the powers of married women-(order, order,)-I am in favor of unmarried ladies spreading themselves and having full swing. (Convulsive laughter.) I move for a committee on unmarried woman's rights, and suggest the gallant Senator from Cumberland and Harnett as chairman. (Laughter.)

Senator, springing up. I have no objection to the suggestion of my young friend, for I have nothing to complain of as respects the ladies. I certainly have suffered nothing from their encroachments

5th Senator. I see, Mr. Speaker, there is no prospect of settling this question to-day; I therefore move to adjourn.

6th Senator addressing 5th. What news from [Allusion to important domestic news received.]

5th Senator. The population is increasing in the West. We want new counties. (Loud laughter.) 6th Senator. I move for a committee to ascertain how many Know-nothings are in the Senate. 7th Senator. There is no use for a committee. they can be seen. (Cries of "order" and laughter.)

8th Senator moved to adjourn to meet at Asheville at 9 o'clock to-morrow. Rejected. 6th Senator moved that the members of the House of Commons [a large number of whom were pres-

entl be expelled Ruled out of order. 6th Senator drew attention to the members of the House occupying the seats of Senators. He considered the assemblage an unlawful one, and called for the reading of the riot-act.

Speaker. The Senator will take his seat. (Laugh-9th Senator. I move the Senate have evening ses-

sions on and after to-day. 3d Senator. I move to amend by inserting "not" after the word "have."

9th Senator. I accept the amendment. olution as amended was then adopted. 10th Senator. I move that a general leave of absence be granted to all the members of the Senate

and House of Commons for one week. The Speaker ruled the motion out of order. 11th Senator. I move a general leave of absence for all the Lobby members for the balance of the

ssion. Unanimously adopted. 6th Senator. I move, Mr. Speaker, that leave of absence be allowed to Senator 10, forthwith, as he has to walk home all the way and lead a dog. (Loud

Senator 10 was understood by the reporter to ask the loan of the 6th Senator's suspenders, for some purpose connected with the dog. 12th Senator moved to add Senator 8 to the com-

mittee on hoops. 10th Senator. Woman's or molasses?

A voice. Whiskey hoops. (Laughter.) 9th Senator thought that revenue might be got out of—(speak up)—hoops, and it would be—(louder)-well to refer the bill to the finance committee. 1st Senator. I move the 9th Senator be required

to repeat his speech. 9th Senator. I suggest an operation on the Senator's ears. (Laughter.)

12th Senator moved the committee on hoops have power to send for persons and papers. Agreed to. 6th Senator. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the Commoner from Haywood a question. (Loud laughter.)

Speaker. It is out of order. 6th Senator Then I can't ask him? It's come to something when we can't speak to a Commoner. (Laughter.)

Speaker. A Senator has no right to ask questions except of Senators in this chamber. 6th Senator. Then, sir, I propose he be elected a Senator for a few minutes.

Speaker. The motion is out of order. 6th Senator. I appeal. 2d Senator. I call for the ayes and noes. Speaker stating, and about to put the question-

3d Senator. I call the Speaker to order. (Laugh Speaker. The Senator cannot call the chair to

3d Senator. Allow me, Mr. Speaker, to state the Speaker. I call the Senator to order. (Cries of

"leave, leave.") 3d Senator. A question may be stated sitting, but must be put standing. Speaker. The chair knows that as well as the Senator. (Loud laughter.) One of the clerks being absent, 6th Senator pro-

ceeded to call the roll, invertedly, commenting upon the Senators, as named, in a most humorous man-Speaker Clark at this point returned to the chair, order and decorum became restored, and the Senate

adjourned till to-morrow at 10 o'clock. To the eye that can see anything to condemn or sneer at in such a scene as this, at such a season, all that is cheerful and bright in Christmas Present or To Come, must be shut out! And it may be that in looking once more towards Christmas Past, nothing will be seen there to call up the shadows of "The forms that we loved to greet!"

Should that be so, then God help that desolate heart!

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

At 10 o'clock, there being no quorum present the Speaker would not allow the journal to be read. Several motions to adjourn were rejected. Finally at quarter to 11, the House adjourned to Friday morning at 7 o'clock.

The Houses continue to meet daily, but have no

For the Standard. THE HARRINGTON IRON ORE UPON THE

UPPER CAPE FEAR. It is some time since I called the attention of the public to this locality of iron. It was described as a rich and valuable ore, and regarded as an addition to the resources of the State for the manufacture of iron ore. Specimens from the richest part of the bed were analyzed and found to be free from any injurious substances, as sulphur and phosphorus.-There are many remarkable points connected with this ore which are quite worthy of attention. The silex, for example, is diffused through the ore in very fine particles and is never excessive in quantity. It is unlike the New York ores, which contain the silex in a coarse condition and frequently in so large a quantity that it has to be washed. The centre of the bed is a nearly pure oxide, as it appears from my first analysis, but towards the outside of the bed or vein it becomes manganesian and calcareous. Now the presence of manganese, though it is not contained in the best of iron or steel, is still important and contributes some way or other to the production of the best kinds of iron and steel. Thus the Hœmatites of Salisbury county and other localities on this range of ores, are associated with manganese; and the iron has been used from time immemorial for the manufacture of rifle and gun barrels by government, on account of its softness, as well as toughness. The best of English cast-steel is prepared by adding manganese in the proportion of about two per cent. It is supposed that manganese is important in the production of a proper slaig, by which the iron is purified and rendered tough and

Now the Harrington ore is found naturally mixed with the oxide of mangenese, and hence, the probability that this bed will become one of the most valuable in the southern States for the production both of steel and iron of the best quality. The ore itself appears to the eye, as if it would be refractory and difficult to work, but its composition shows the contrary. This bed being one of the largest in the United States, renders it possible to select that quality of ore which may be desired for any special purpose; and being also, upon both sides of the river and easily accessible, the place bids fair to become one of the most important manufacturing points in the South, or upon the Atlantic slope. For puddling, this ore will also command a high price, for it is perfectly suited in its composition and texture

for this kind of furnace. In conclusion, I may remark, that were there no other kinds of ore, or no other product of value in the Deep river valley, the owners of this property could afford to make the river navigable up to this point, in order to secure the cheap transportation of iron and steel ore to the markets of the world.

E. EMMONS, Geologist to N. Carolina.

For the Standard.

Messes. Editors:-Among the many beautiful presents to gladden the hearts of our children at this appy season, I know of none having as strong a claim on an inhabitant of this State, and, especially, of this city, as the volume entitled, "A Wreath from the Woods of Carolina."

The design of the work, and the literary matter, are by a lady of this city, whose genius, manifest to all in this production, and evinced to her friends in several departments of the arts, not all the cares of a large family and a responsible position have been able to repress; while another lady of this city has furnished the colored drawings from which the beautiful flowers have been engraved.

The author has presented the fruit of her labors to the Church Book Society; it is therefore on her part an offering of piety, as well as of taste and talent to swell the amount of the good and beautiful things of the season.

The Society have shown their sense of the value of the gift by the expense and pains which they have bestowed upon the volume. Its paper, type, and above all, exquisite representations of the flowers make the book a treasure in its externals.

But, after all, the stories for the children constitute its chief attraction and merit. The style is singularly clear and animated; the spirit is the spirit of love and cheerful piety; the lessons are wise, yet admirably adapted to children; and the whole is suggestive of the brightness and fragrance and freshness of the woods themselves in a charming morning of

Let all the friends of the young see that their littie favorites have among their Christmas treasures "A Wreath from the Woods of Carolina,"

For the Standard. MESSRS. EDITORS: An effort is now being made to

consolidate the offices of Clerk and Master in Equity and Clerk of the Superior Court. When the court of Equity was established in 1782-see laws of North Carolina, chap. 11th sec.

4th-each clerk of the Superior Court of law for the time being, was made also Clerk of the court of Equity. The Legislature of 1787 found that the system did not work well, and in that year-see chap. 22d sec. 3d-they said, the present mode was found productive of great delay and difficulty, and enacted that the Judges of the said court shall appoint some person of skill and probity to act as Clerk and Master, &c. In many of the counties of the State, the clerk of

the Superior Court has as much business to attend to, particularly during term time, as he can well do, without imposing the further duties of the office of the Clerk and Master in Equity upon him; and if in the early history of our courts, it was found inconvenient and productive of great delay and difficulty, how much more so would it now be found, when the dockets of both of those courts are crowded with

During term time, the Clerk of the Superior Court is constantly engaged either in furnishing information about matters on trial, swearing witnesses, recording verdicts, giving witness tickets, &c., and would not have the time to leave his post to show papers in the Equity office, or prepare that docket for trial.

Better let the two offices remain as they are, until the whole judiciary system is remodelled

SENATOR DOUGLAS IN HAVANA. - Senator Dougles was very kindly received at Havana on his recent landing there from the Black Warrior. The Cuban officials, under the lead of Col. Ortenback, escorte l him and his family on shore in the State barge. They intended to remain in Havana a week.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE STANDARD.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25, 1858. In accordance with a long established custom the two branches of Congress have adjourned over until the 4th proximo, in order to afford members an opportunity of spending the christmas holydays with their families and friends. A large number have gone to their homes, and among them, Messrs. Reid, Branch, Shaw and Craige, of North Carolina. Messrs. Scales and Ruffin will remain in this city during the short recess. I regret to state that the latter named gentleman has been confined to his lodgings for the last ten days or more, by a severe attack of erysipelas; he is now, however, rapidly recovering and will be able to resume his seat in the House, on the reassembling of Congress.

The Pension Bill, introduced by Mr. Savage, of Tennessee has finally passed the House by a large majority. It will require about eighteen millions of dollars to meet the provisions of this bill, and at a time when the finances of the country are disordered and the executive branch of the government perplexed to devise a satisfactory mode of providing means to meet our current expenses. Where is this money to come from? Borrowing will not do, for the President will scarcely approve a bill authorizing a loan. How then is it to be obtained unless by increased duties upon imports? And yet many who voted for this bill are vehement opposers of the

President's "specific du ies" policy.

The whole pension system is decidedly wrong, and it is an evil which is constantly growing and spreading its baleful influences. "Old soldier" has been the war-cry of demagogues for years past, and aided by its magic sound many a drivelling fool has obtained a position which he dishonored, and grasped power which he had not the sense wisely to ex-

I am gratified in announcing that the entire delegation from North Carolina, except Vance and Gilmer, voted against this bill; and I am quite confident that the Senate will never sanction legislation so reckless and unstatesmanlike. A large number of these very men who voted for this bill and were most strenuous in its advocacy, would, were it to receive the approval of the Senate and President, be the first to vell themselves hoarse in denouncing the administration for extravagance and profligate waste of the public money.

After the holydays the consideration of the Pacific Railroad bill will be resumed. As its most ardent supporters are far from harmonizing in regard to the details of this great work, there is but a slight chance of its being successfully carried through Congress at this session.

A number of naval officers, retired and furloughed by the famous "Retiring Board," have been restored to the active list by the Senate. I learn from a reliable source that the President has nominated Major A. J. O'Bannon, of Virginia,

as 4th Auditor of the Treasury, to fill the vacancy

created by the death of A. C. Dayton, Esq. The

Major is at present the popular Chief Clerk of this Bureau, and is eminently deserving promotion. A resolution has been adopted by the House instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to report a bill making an appropriation for taking the next census in 1860. The census will be taken under the existing law adopted in 1850; it was prepared with great care and as it has been practically tested and found well adapted for the purpose designed it would be sheer folly to tinker it as some proposed doing. Doubtless under the new census there will be great changes in the representation of several States. In the last Presidential election the State of Illinois with nine members of Congress polled nearly 239,000 votes, while Massachusetts

with eleven members cast only 167,000; the discrepancy between several other States still greater. Mr. Branch of North-Carolina has introduced a bill into the House, appropriating one million of dollars to enable the President to settle all difficulties with Spain, obtain the peaceable cession of Cuba, and effect a permanent treaty of anuity, while Mr. Davis of Mississippi proposes that we shall demand of Spain payment of certain claims, and on her failure to comply, that attachment issue with directions to our naval force to seize the island of Cuba. The country is scarcely prepared to entertain seriously the proposition of Mr. Davis; while that of Mr. Branch is so much more feasible and proper in view of our present relations to that power, that it will

at once receive the hearty sanction of all.

Senator Douglas is expected here at an early day, and judging by "the work which has been cut out" for him, he will have his hands full for a while. Senator Slidell has "a crow to pick" with the "Giant," and Mr. Senator Jones of Iowa has already denonnced him in the bitterest terms. It seems that Douglas introduced a bill into the Senate, pending the Illinois Central Railroad grant, which provided for a railroad from the southern terminus of the Illinois and Michigan Canal to the mouth of the Ohio river, with a branch to Chicago, and another to Galena, the north-western terminus of the road. Senator Jones desired the road extended to Dubuque, and it seems from his version that Douglas was not only willing to this arrangement, but even thanked him for proposing it. The road was extended to Dubuque, and the constituents of Douglas murmuring at this action, he sought to pacify them by representing that Jones and his colleague had declared their purpose to defeat the bill unless he consented to amend it in this way, and he (Douglas) thought it best to submit rather than lose the bill altogether. This Jones emphatically denies in a spicy letter, closing with the following severe paragraph: "This, sir, is the third time that you have made "infumously false" accusations against me, and that I have been compelled to fasten the lie upon you. Though you may, at the sacrifice of Democratic organization, have effected a triumph in your State, as you say "over Executive and Congressional dictation," I can but look with contempt upon any fame or position you may have acquired by a union with "white spirits and black, blue spirits and gray," Black Republicans, South Americans, disappointed officeseekers, &c., as I do upon the miserable resort to opprobious epithets connected with my name, but covered with a contingency which gave a sure escape." Very little ambiguity about what the Senator means, I should think, and if the "Giant" quietly swallows this, he will have to gulp allapathic

doses of the same kind, ad infinitum, hereafter. While touching upon these personal matters I may allude to the English-Montgomery affair; of the particulars of that personal collision your readers are doubtless already apprised. The difficulty is beleived to have been caused by ill-feeling entertained by Montgomery, and growing out of the settlement of the famous Kansas question at the last session. English is a spare-built man-Montgomery a colussus; English exhibited pluck-Montgomery seemed deficient in this requisite of an M. C., and so he invoked the law as a salve to his broken head, and a protection from further chastisement. The probabilities are that we will have to chronicle another instance of "the eloquence of his vacant chair," and publish daily reports of the state of the injured gentleman's health, under the "Parisian system of canterizing" for weak heads.

The new Senate chamber will be occupied after the holidays. On the motion to vacate the old chamber and remove to the new, Senator Houston remarked that he was strongly in favor of it, as his senatorial term expired on the 4th March next, and unless he was re-elected, he would never have an opportunity of claiming a seat in the beautiful edifice. The old veteran regarded his chances as rather slim to return, and so "went in" for the new buil-

The committee of Ways and Means are reducing the amounts estimated for various objects by the heads of Departments, to quite a low figure. All works which are not indispensably necessary for the operations of the government, and which can be suspended without detriment, will not be appropria-

The committee who have in charge the investigation of the accounts of the late clerk of the House, Mr. Cullom, of Tennessee, have adjourned until the 7th January, when it is believed the matter will be speedily closed up. The action of the Indiana legislature in declaring

the seats of Messrs. Fitch and Bright vacant and electing two persons to fill them, is a subject of laughter and ridicule in political circles. The Senate Post Office committee will shortly bring in a bill abolishing the franking privilege, and

The New York Comptroller's tax budget for 1859 calls for nearly \$8,000,000.

allowing for the transportation of the ocean mails

only the postage received from that source.

"LET ME KISS HIM FOR HIS MOTHER."-The editor of the New Orleans Advocate has this incident about the ravages of the yellow fever in that city, related to him by one of the Methodist pastors :-'The preacher was called a few days since to attend the funeral of a young man. Before his sickness he was a stout, buoyant, manly youth. He was from the State of Maine, and had been here but a short time. He was attacked by vellow fever, and soon died, with no mother or relatives to watch by his bedside, or to soothe him with that sympathy which none but those of our own "dear kindred blood" can feel or manifest. He died among strangers and was buried by them. When the funeral service was over, and the strange friends who had ministered to him were about to finally close the coffin, an old lady, who stood by, stopped them and said, "Let me

A MINISTER SUED FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.—Miss Sarah C. Doyle, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has sued the Rev. W. E. Clark for a breach of promise, and laid her damages at \$3,000.

kiss him for his mother!" We have yet to find the

first man or woman to whose eye this simple recital

has not brought tears."

MARRIED,

On the 9th instant, by W. H. Royster, Esq., Mr. Robert Wilkerson to Miss R. W. Davie, both of Person county. In the town of Edenton, at the residence of her father, by the Rev. S. J. Johnston, D. D., Mr. William Badbam, jr., and Miss Louisa, daughter of Jno. M. Jones, Esq. On Wednesday morning, December 8th, by J. L. Ballard, Esq., Rev. James T. Williams, of Marlborough, to Miss Margaret Harper, daughter of the late Edward Harper.
In St. Luke's Church, Salisbury, on the 22d December,
by Rev. Mr. Haughten, Mr. E. T. Brodnax to Miss Alice J.
Jones, daughter of H. C. Jones, Esq.

DIED,

Departed this life in the county of Granville, on 16th instant, in the 27th year of her age, Miss Susan C. Taylor, the last surviving caughter of John C. Taylor, Esq. Affectionate, generous, dutiful, pious, social, trusting: Forgive, blest shade! the tributary tear

That mourns thy exit from a world like this: Forgive the wish that would have kent thee here,
And stay'd thy progress to the seats of bliss!
In Chatham county, N. C., on the 7th inst., at the residence of his mother, Aaron D. Headen, Esq., in the 59th

year of his age. The deceased was highly esteemed by all who knew him as a man of the purest integrity, and of the kindliest feel-ings and warmest sympathy towards all with whom he had any connection. He was one of those who take pleasure in relieving the wants and ministering to the comfort of such as have encountered the trowns of adversity. When such a one dies, the community in which he has lived must indeed feel that theirs is a sad bereavement, and, in this instance, there is also the melancholy reflection that the deceased has been called away in the prime of manhood and in the midst of his usefulness. But it is a relief to those that mourn to know that there is a blessed immortality for those who, by their efforts in behalf of humanity, contribute in no small degree to wipe away the widow's tear, and comfort and provide for the orphan child-to scatter plenty and general cheerfulness amid scenes of destitution

that in the midst of life we are in death-that we ought, at all times, to be ready. The deceased left a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn their irretrievable loss. May the dews of Heaven be propitious that wake the vernal flowers on his much loved grave. [Сом.

and susering. Yet it is a repetition of that lesson which

is taught them in the falling leaf and the withering flower-

Fayetteville Observer please copy. In Desota county, Mississippi, at the residence of his father, Dr. William S. Atkins, on the 15th day of December A. D., 18-8, Charles S. Atkins. Thus, in the mysterious dispensations of Him whose ways are past finding out, parents, brother and sister, kindred and friends are called to bow in grief under the deep and afflictive bercavement in the death of a dutitul, affectionate and true son; of a warm and devoted brother; of a constant and attached friend; of a man just entering upon carly, active, and hopeful manhood-whose aims were elevated; whose ambition and aspirations were for usefulness; whose impulses were generous and high; whose adherence to truth, even in the frivolities of childhood had never been known to falter, and whose whole life had rendered him the pride of his parents; had made him the object of the doting affection of an only sister and an only surviving brother, and had won for him the love of his associates and the confidence and esteem of acquaintances, and whose whole character combined, whatever goes to make up the character of a true man. But "the pitcher is broken at the fountain and the golden cord is loosed," and all that was mortal of Charles S. Atkins has passed away, and the

mortal has put on immortality. The deceased was born in Orange county, North-Carolina, the 15th day of August, A. D. 1836, and was brought to Desota county, Mississippi, by his parents, on the 6th day of December, A. D., 1851, and departed this life on the 15th day of December, A. D., 1858, at the age of twenty-

two years and four months. Hillsboro' Recorder please publish.
Dr. William H. Speller, aged twenty-eight years, departed this life in Windsor on the morning of Wednesday the 22d December.

Dr. Speller was a young man of sincerity of heart, and generosity of character. He was much esteemed by the whole community, and especially by those of his own age. As a physician he had but just commenced, as it were, in life, and from his high tone as a gentleman, the sphere of his influence would in a few years have been very exten-

His lingering illness was borne by him with the same manly fortitude which marked all his conduct in life. At last, however, he gave way and death terminated the life of one much admired by all, and intensely loved by a large family connexion. After the impressive service of the Episcopal Church, by Rev. Mr. Bronson, his remains, followed by a large concourse, were placed in the burial ground with the other deceased members of the family.

W.

NEW YORK LEDGER-

8 per month exclusive of lights.

Supplied by W. L. POMEROY. Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 27, 1858.

TAR RIVER MALE ACADEMY, GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

MORTON VENABLE, Principal, THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will com mence on MONDAY the 10th of January, 1859. The Academy is situated eight miles south-west from Oxford. The Principal was educated at Hampden Sidney College, Va., and during the past four years has been engaged in teaching. He can produce satisfactory testimonials of his qualifications. Students will be prepared for

College, or the ordinary business of life. TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY-ONE WEEKS. Primary Department, \$12 50 Higher English Department, 15 00 20 00 Board can be obtained in the most respectable families at

lle and close of each session. For further particulars address the Principal, Waller's P. O. Granville county, N. C. December 5, 1858.

Reports will be sent to parents and guardians at the mid-

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. Negroes, Lands, Turpentine Distillery, Stock, Farming Implements, Etc., Etc. THURSDAY, the 13th day of January, 1859, the

Subscriber will offer at public sale, at his residence in Bladen county, about three miles from Beatty's Bridge, the following valuable property, to wit:-Twenty-eight likely negroes, consisting of men, women and children. The negroes will be sold in one lot or in families, as may be desired. Also, at the same time and place, a valuable tract of farming and turpentine land, containing about thirty-five hundred acres, lying immediately on the waters of Black river, and having a convenient outlet to market by Steam

houses, stables, and all other necessary out-buildings, with excellent water on the premises. The location is one of the most healthy in the State. Also, a number one Tarpentine Still, with a capacity of twenty-five barrels. Also, the whole stock of horses, cattle, hogs, corn, fodder, peas, farming implements, furniture, etc., etc.

Terms, which will be accommodating, made known at
A. N. McDONALD.

boat navigation. The improvements on the above land

consist of a comfortable dwelling-house, with good negro

ANTED A TEACHER TO TAKE CHARGE of BUFFALOW ACADEMY, situated 15 miles north east of Raleigh, in a pleasant and healthy neighbor-bood. None need apply unless they bring ample testimony of scholarship and good moral character
Apply to H. W. MONTAGUE.
Sec'y. B'd Trustees, Rolesville, N. C.

December 17, 1858.

The next Session of Buffalow Academy will begin on the 3d MONDAY in January, 1859. Any number of boys can get board in the neighborhood at from \$7 to \$10 per month, ncluding fuel, washing, lights, servants, &c. By order of the Trustees.

H. W. MONTAGUE, Sec'y.

December 27, 1858. Register copy.

IMPORTANT SALE!

ON MONDAY, the 24th of January next, we will sell to the highest bidder, at the residence of the late Gen. M. T. Hawkins, all of the perishable property—consisting of a large and valuable stock of thorough-bred horses, six Jacks, nine Jennetts, thirteen mules; a large stock of cat-tle, hogs and sheep; a quantity of fat pork, corn, fodder, shucks and straw; wagons, carts, plantation utensils, &c. At the same time and place will be hired out 80 or 100 negroes, among whom are several valuable mechanics and house servants. Also, on the 1st day of February next, at the Baker plan-

tation, all the stock of mules, cattle and hogs, a quantity of fat pork, the crop of corn, fodder and shucks, wagons, carts, and plantation utensils. Terms made known on the days of sale. S. G. WARD, JNO. WATSON, Exr's.

December 24, 1858.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY,

OXFORD GRANVILLE CO., N C. THE NEXT SESSION will commence on MONDAY. the 17th day of January, 1859.

The Trustees, in making this announcement, would avail themselves of the occasion again to recommend this Institation to the public as every way worthy, in an eminent de-gree, of continued confidence and patronage. It has been in charge of Mr. Samuel L. Venable, the present Principal, for a period of fourteen years; and it is but just to bim to say that his character and qualifications as a teacher have been proven, by the success which has attended his instruc-tions, to be of no common order, and entitled him to a place in the foremost rank of those who are engaged in the business of education. The system of instruction is painstaking and thorough, and the course of studies embrace such subjects as are usually taught in Female Seminaries

Applications for admission should be made in advance, and all communications addressed to the Principal at Ox-By order of the Board.

of the first class.

Dec. 27, 1858.

R. B. GILLIAM, President. Oxford, Dec. 27, 1858.

MOUNT IDA SELECT CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

JOSEPH VENABLE, A. B., PRINCIPAL. THIS School will be opened on Monday the 17th of January, 1859. Situated nine miles West from Oxford, its locality is eligible, the neighborhood moral, and especially free from the vices so common to villages.

The course of studies, pursued at this Institution, is de-

signed to prepare young men for admission into any of our Southern Colleges, or to give them a practical English The Principal was graduated at the University of North-Carolina, and can produce the highest testimonials of

The Scholastic year is composed of two terms, twenty-one weeks each. The price of Board and Tuition is Sixtyfive dollars per term. Applications for admission should be made in advance, and all communications before the Commencement of the Session addressed to the Principal at Oxford, but after to him at Oak Hill, Granville county, N. C.

Faculty of the University of North-Carolina, J. H. Horner, Principal of Oxford Class, and Math. School. Prof. A. Brown, Rev. T. J. Horner, Rev. T. U. Fancette, Hon. R. B. Gilliam, M. V. Lanier, Esqrs. Dec. 8, 1858. 52-w8t.

RED MOUNTAIN FEMALE ACADEMY, ORANGE COUNTY, N. C.

THE Spring Session will commence 1st February, 1859, and continue twenty-one weeks. Board in highly respectable and agrecable families, \$35 to \$40. Tustion in English, \$10 to \$15; in Languages, \$18. Drawing, Painting and Music at the usual prices. A small number of pupils can board with the subscriber. MERIWETHER LEWIS, Principal.

TO DRUGGISTS.

tion is, that his health will not admit of the exposure inci-

dent to the practice of medicine. The most satisfactory

GRADUATE OF THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT A of the University of New York, and a practitioner of seven years experience, desires a situation in a wholesale drug establishment. His reason for wishing such a situa-

references given, both as to character and qualification.

Address. MEDICUS, Pittsboro', N. C. December 23, 1858.

BEULAH MALE INSTITUTE. MADISON, ROCKINGHAM Co., N. C. THE SPRING SESSION commences on WEDNES-DA1, January 19th, 1859. Students prepared to enter any class in College The

scholarship is thorough and discipline rigid,

December 22, 1858.

Board and tuition per session \$45 to \$55.

For a catalogue address, L. H. SHUCK. Madison, N. C.

December 27, 1858. LAW SCHOOL AT WILLIAMSTON. PROPOSE, IF SUFFICIENT INDUCEMENT IS OFfered, to open a Law School on the 1st February next. This village is as healthy as any in this section, and a Law School here promises at least equal advantages to any other place. There will be regular Lectures, and Students

will have the use of a good library. Those desiring to join the School will inform me at once. ASA BIGGS.

SPARTA ACADEMY LOTTERY! CAPITAL PRIZE

\$50,000. TICKETS ONLY \$10.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC! As the members of our firm have, by way of purchase, become the owner of the grants chartered by the States of Delaware, Kentucky, Missouri, and part of those in Georgia, under the management of Messrs. Gregory & Maury, of Wilmington, Delaware, we have deemed it expedient to change the name of our firm, on and after January 1st, 1859, to that of WOOD, EDDY & CO., who will hereafter

have the management of the Sparta Academy Lottery, and In all transactions we have endeavored to conduct our business with integrity and promptness, and we can assure the public that the patronage heretofore bestowed on us is

well deserving of being transferred to our successors. Very respectfully, S. SWAN & CO. Augusta, Georgia, Dec. 15, 1858.

WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS, Successors to S. SWAN & CO. The following Scheme will be drawn by Wood, Entry &

Co., Managers of the Sparta Academy Lottery, in each of their Single Number Lotteries for JANUARY, 1859, at AUGUSTA, Georgia, in public, under the superintendence Class 1 draws Saturday, January 1, 1859. Class 2 draws Saturday, January 8, 1859. Class 3 draws Saturday, January 15, 1859. Class 4 draws Saturday, January 22, 1859.

Class 5 draws Saturday, January 29, 1859. On the plan of Single Numbers. 50.000 Tickets. FIVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND TEN PRIZES

Rearly one Prize to every Nine Tickets. MAGNIFICENT SCHEME! To be drawn Each Saturday in January! \$50,000 i 10 Prizes of 20,000

10,000 1 700 5,000 4,000 600 3,000 1,500 | 100 1,000 | 225 Approximation Prizes. 4 Prizes of \$400 Approximating to \$50,000 Prize are \$1,600 200 250 10,000 1.000 225 200 4,000 44 44 150 4 4 3,000 600 5,000 " 20 are -100,000

5,510 Prizes amounting to Whole Tickets \$10; Halves \$5; Quarters \$21/4. A Circular showing the plan of the Lotteries will be sent to any one desirous of recaiving it.

Certificates of Packages all be sold at the follow-Certificate of Package of 10 W! 'e Tickets, 10 Qn - er 10 Ei; \_h In Ordering Tickets or Certificates,

Enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail, Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing. Purchasers will please write their signatures plain and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn and payable in full without deduction All prizes of \$1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing-other prizes at the usual time of thirty

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS! Those who prefer not sending money by mail, can use THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, whereby money for Tickets, in sums of Ten Dollars, and upwards, can be sent us AT OUR RISK AND EXPENSE.

from any city or town where they have an office. The money and order must be enclosed in a "GOVERNMENT POST OFFICE STAMPED ENVELOPE," or the Express Company cannot receive them.

All communications strictly confidential. Address Orders for Tickets or Certificates to

WOOD, EDDY & CO., Augusta, Georgia.
or WOOD, EDDY & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
or WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware. A list of the numbers that are drawn from the

wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing, in the fallowing papers:-Augusta (Geo.) Constitutionalist, New Orleans Delta, Mobile-Register, Nashville Gazette, New York Weekly Day Book, Savannah Daily News, Richmond Dispatel, Paulding (Miss.) Clarion, and Litte Rock (Ark.) True

Wilmington.